| Grade l Year-At-A-Glance Math Sarasota County School District |  |  |  |  |  |
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| A Note to Parents: Instructional pacing may vary slightly in each classroom. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benchmark | Code | Ol | O2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Skills |  |  |  |  |  |
| Actively participate in effortful learning both individually and collectively. | MA.Kl2.MTR.1.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Demonstrate understanding by representing problems in multiple ways. | MA.Kl2.MTR.2.l | X | X | X | X |
| Complete tasks with mathematical fluency. | MA.K12.MTR.3.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others | MA.K12.MTR.4.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Use patterns and structure to help understand and connect mathematical concepts. | MA.K12.MTR.5.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Assess the reasonableness of solutions | MA.Kl2.MTR.6.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Apply mathematics to real-world contexts | MA.K12.MTR.7.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Number Sense and Operations |  |  |  |  |  |
| MA.I.NSO.l Extend counting sequences and understand the place value of two-digit numbers. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Starting at a given number, count forward and backwards within 120 by ones. Skip count by 2 s to 20 and by 5 s to 100. | MA.1.NSO.1.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Read numbers from 0 to 100 written in standard form, expanded form and word form. Write numbers from 0 to 100 using standard form and expanded form. | MA.1.NSO.1.2 | X |  |  |  |
| Compose and decompose two-digit numbers in multiple ways using tens and ones. Demonstrate each composition or decomposition with objects, drawings and expressions or equations. | MA.1.NSO.1.3 | X |  |  |  |
| Plot, order and compare whole numbers up to 100. | MA.1.NSO.1.4 | X |  |  | X |
| MA.1.NSO. 2 Develop an understanding of addition and subtraction operations with one and two-digit numbers. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recall addition facts with sums to 10 and related subtraction facts with automaticity. | MA.1.NSO.2.1 | X |  |  | X |
| Add two whole numbers with sums from 0 to 20, and subtract using related facts with procedural reliability. | MA.1.NSO.2.2 | X |  |  |  |
| Identify the number that is one more, one less, ten more and ten less than a given two-digit number. | MA.1.NSO.2.3 |  |  |  | X |
| Explore the addition of a two-digit number and a one-digit number with sums to 100 . | MA.1.NSO.2.4 |  |  |  | X |
| Explore subtraction of a one-digit number from a two-digit number. | MA.1.NSO.2.5 |  |  |  | X |
| Fractions |  |  |  |  |  |
| MA.l.FR.l Develop an understanding of fractions by partitioning shapes into halves and fourths |  |  |  |  |  |
| Partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal-sized parts. Name the parts of the whole using appropriate language including halves or fourths. | MA.1.FR.1.1 |  |  | X |  |


| Algebraic Reasoning |  |  |  |  |  |
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| MA.l.AR.l Solve addition problems with sums between 0 and 20 and subtraction problems using related facts. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apply properties of addition to find a sum of three or more whole numbers. | MA.1.AR.1.1 | X |  |  |  |
| Solve addition and subtraction real-world problems using objects, drawings or equations to represent the problem. | MA.l.AR.1.2 |  | X |  |  |
| MA.l.AR. 2 Develop an understanding of the relationship between addition and subtraction. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Restate a subtraction problem as a missing addend problem using the relationship between addition and subtraction | MA.1.AR.2.1 | X | X | X | X |
| Determine and explain if equations involving addition or subtraction are true or false. | MA.1.AR.2.2 | X |  |  |  |
| Determine the unknown whole number in an addition or subtraction equation, relating three whole numbers, with the unknown in any position. | MA.1.AR.2. 3 | X |  |  |  |
| Measurement |  |  |  |  |  |
| MA.l.M.l Compare and measure the length of objects. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimate the length of an object to the nearest inch. Measure the length of an object to the nearest inch or centimeter. | MA.1.M.1.1 |  |  | X |  |
| Compare and order the length of up to three objects using direct and indirect comparison. | MA.1.M.1.2 |  |  | X |  |
| MA.l.M. 2 Tell time and identify the value of coins and combinations of coins and dollar bills. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Using analog and digital clocks, tell and write time in hours and half-hours | MA.1.M.2.1 |  |  | X |  |
| Identify pennies, nickels, dimes and quarters, and express their values using the $\subset$ symbol. State how many of each coin equal a dollar. | MA.1.M.2.2 |  |  | X |  |
| Find the value of combinations of pennies, nickels and dimes up to one dollar, and the value of combinations of one, five and ten dollar bills up to $\$ 100$. Use the $c$ and $\$$ symbols appropriately. | MA.1.M.2. 3 |  |  | X |  |
| Geometric Reasoning |  |  |  |  |  |
| MA.l.GR.l Identify and analyze two- and three-dimensional figures based on their defining attributes. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Identify, compare and sort two- and threedimensional figures based on their defining attributes. Figures are limited to circles, semicircles, triangles, rectangles, squares, trapezoids, hexagons, spheres, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders. | MA.1.GR.1.1 |  | X |  |  |
| Sketch two-dimensional figures when given defining attributes. Figures are limited to triangles, rectangles, squares and hexagons. | MA.1.GR.1.2 |  | X |  |  |
| Compose and decompose two- and threedimensional figures. Figures are limited to semicircles, triangles, rectangles, squares, trapezoids, hexagons, cubes, rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders. | MA.1.GR.1.3 |  | X |  |  |


| Given a real-world object, identify parts that are <br> modeled by two and three-dimensional figures. <br> Figures are limited to semi-circles, triangles, <br> rectangles, squares and hexagons, spheres, cubes, <br> rectangular prisms, cones and cylinders. | MA.l.GR.l.4 | $X$ |  |  |  |
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| Data Analysis and Probability |  |  |  |  |  |
| MA.l.DP.l Collect, represent and interpret data using pictographs and tally marks. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collect data into categories and represent the <br> results using tally marks or pictographs. | MA.l.DP.l.l |  |  |  |  |
| Interpret data represented with tally marks or <br> pictographs by calculating the total number of <br> data points and comparing the totals of different <br> categories. | MA.l.DP.l.2 |  |  | $X$ |  |

